Yale University renovated the 6th floor of the Hunter Radiation Laboratory in alignment with the U.S. Green Building Council’s LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) rating system at the Gold certification level for Commercial Interiors.

**Energy Efficiency**

According to the Environmental Information Administration, buildings consume about 40% of the energy and 72% of the electricity produced in the United States. The Hunter 6 renovation utilizes energy-conserving technologies that also lower the annual operating cost. Occupancy sensors in offices, equipment rooms, and lavatories provide automatic off-switching when these areas are not occupied. During unoccupied hours, temperature set points are expanded to reduce energy consumption. A heat recovery system recaptures energy from the main exhaust system and uses it to preheat or pre-cool the outdoor supply air seasonally. Ventilation fans have variable frequency drives that allow fan motors to reduce speed in response to lower airflow requirements, thereby reducing energy loads.

**Indoor Environmental Quality**

On average, Americans spend 90% of their time indoors. Pollutant levels inside can exceed outdoor levels by two to five times. In this renovation, ventilation rates, temperature and lighting control, and ample views to the outdoors were carefully designed to promote occupant well-being. Carbon dioxide sensors ensure that fresh air is supplied when CO₂ concentration levels are high. Finishes, such as interior paints, sealants, and adhesives, as well as the office system furniture, have low volatile organic compound

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62.47% of the wood used in the project was certified by the Forest Stewardship Council

97.6% of construction debris was diverted from landfills

13.16% of materials and products installed in the project were manufactured from recycled materials

20.3% of construction material came from within 500 miles of the project site, reducing pollution from delivery fuel and lowering overall transportation costs

36.3% reduction in annual potable water use is anticipated
(VOC) content to reduce toxicity and noxious odors. Post-construction, new air filters were installed to ensure a dust-free environment during occupancy. In addition, the laboratory was air-tested to ensure that VOC, particulate, and carbon monoxide levels were well below acceptable thresholds.

**MATERIALS**

Reducing energy consumption and demand for natural resources, saving disposal space and costs, and lowering pollution risks are all benefits of waste reduction. This project diverted a large portion of its construction waste from landfills through a rigorous recycling program. To reduce the environmental impact created from the processing and distribution of virgin materials, care was taken to specify locally manufactured materials with high recycled content. Such materials include steel, concrete, and FSC-certified wood used for the laboratory casework. In addition, the furniture in the offices is GREENGUARD-certified and has met the low-emitting products test requirements. Built-in recycling centers throughout the laboratory encourage recycling of daily waste materials such as plastics, metal, office paper, equipment, and corrugated cardboard.

**WATER EFFICIENCY**

In the United States, more than 340 billion gallons of fresh water are withdrawn daily from rivers, reservoirs, and streams to support industrial, commercial, residential, and agricultural needs. After use, this water is discharged back into these water bodies. In an effort to conserve water, ultra-low-flow lavatories and urinals and dual-flush toilets were used in this renovation. With these water-saving measures, a 36.3% annual reduction in potable water use is anticipated. There is also an anticipated 22.1% annual reduction in process-related water use as a result of the installation of water-saving fixtures at laboratory and janitor sinks.

**TRANSPORTATION**

Yale University strives to reduce automobile use by providing alternative solutions such as easy access to public transportation and car/van-pooling throughout the campus. The Hunter Radiation Laboratory is regularly serviced by both the Yale Shuttle and CT Transit bus lines, which also connect the facility to New Haven's Union Station for those who commute by train. In addition, its central location is within walking distance of many local amenities. Yale’s parking policy incentivizes carpooling, with discounted rates for two-person carpools and free parking for carpools of more than three persons. To further discourage individual automobile use, no new parking spaces were added for this project.

**INNOVATION IN DESIGN**

Design innovations in the Hunter 6 renovation include the use of low-flow laboratory sink faucets and the installation of an educational display showcasing the project’s sustainable features. In addition, the project achieved innovative levels of construction waste reuse and recycling, with more than 97% of construction waste diverted from landfills.

Yale

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